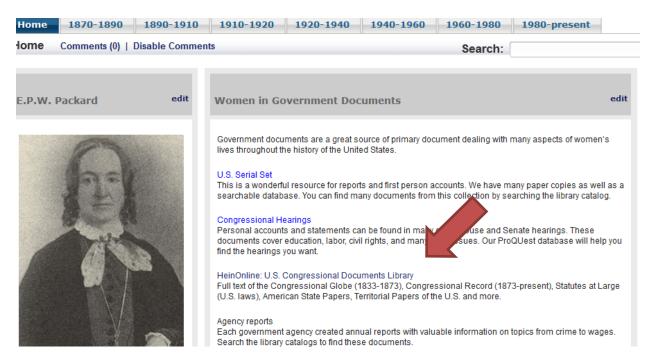
2 Step by Step HineOnline Searches

Using the HeinOnline U.S. Congressional Documents Library, conduct an advanced search in the *Congressional Record* to determine the basis of the opposition of the "Woman Patriot" to the Sheppard-Towner Maternity and Infancy Act, which was in effect from 1921 to 1929. What charges did the "Woman Patriot" levy against reformer Jane Addams? (Hint: You will need to use Boolean operators, date limits, and phrases such as "Woman Patriot" and/or "Jane Addams" to find this information, and you may need to page forward and backward from your original highlighted hit and/or investigate several search results.)



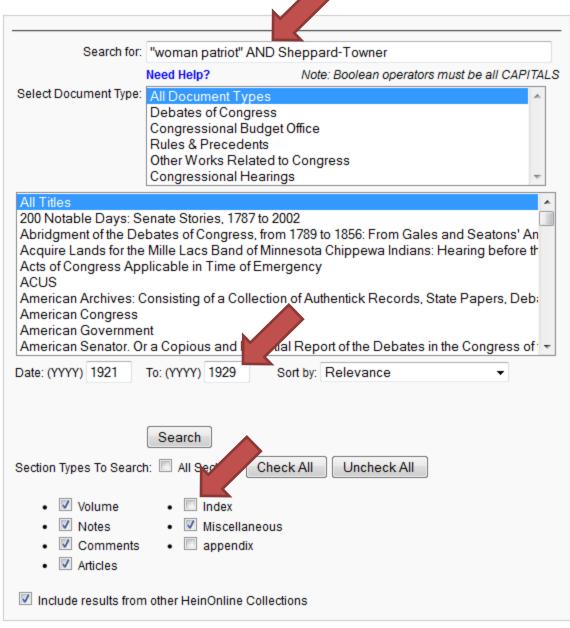
Start with the HineOnline U.S. Congressional Documents Library database. We have several HineOnline databases- this is the one with the Congressional Record.

Click on the search tab and then choose Advanced Search

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You can use quotation marks and Boolean (AND, OR, NOT) operators as well as dates to help narrow your search. You may want to exclude Indexs as these can dramatically increase the number of results without giving the text you want.

Search U.S. Congressional Documents



Once you have some results click on the + **View Matching Text Pages** to see how the keywords are highlighted within the text.

Cong. Rec. 1258 (1927) vrday, January 8, 1927 View Matching Text Pages | Print/Download Options

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construes it, subject, if you please, to an appeal to the President, to say to the several States how, when, and where they, shall administer that nch (f the fund which may be taken over by them under the terms of the act. The other day the junior Senator from Connecticut [Mr. BINGRAM] subited several articles for reading, and they were read into the RECORD, touching the provisions of this act. Among others was an article entitled " Further Fallacies of the **Sheppard.Towner** Propaganda," by William C. Woodward, ex- ecutive secretary, bureau of legal medicine and direction of the American... what it is. It was established for five years and five years only, under its very terms, and nothing in the act looks to the future. Therefore I respectfully submit that the Senator's interpre- tation is not a wise or a warranted one under the terms of the act. Mr. President, on July 3, 1926, I received permission to have printed In the RECORD the petition of the Woman Patriot Pub-lishing Co. for the rejection of the Phipps-Parker bill (S. 2696, H. R. 7555) proposing an extension of the maternity act. That petition was printed in the RECORD, and thereafter extra copies were printed and were

Turn to page 1281

. Schoff and addressed to Miss Mary G. Kilbreth, who is the editor of the Woman Patriot Pub-lishing Association. I might say, that Mrs. Schoff is a philan-thropist and the mother of seven children. She planned and led the work of securing the juvenile court and probation laws in Pennsylvania in 1900, also the detention homes for children awaiting trial, organized the probation work for Philadelphia in 1901, aided in securing similar laws in many States of the Union and in several foreign countries. In 1900 Mrs. Schoff compiled the statutes of every State in the Union concerning, children. She... coworkers to place all children under Federal control. I have known this for a long time, but the majority of women have followed, blinded by the purported protection of children. Those who differ are accused of ulterior motives In opposing them. May I have 10 copies of the Woman Patriot of May 17 If you have them, I will send a dollar for them. I am a member of the New Century Club of Philadelphia and was present when Mrs. Sherman made the ruling taking away freedom of thought and action from every club and Individual in membership in G. F. W. C. A prominent Philadelphia club leader said it was the

Turn to page 1285

the United States: Desire to protest against appropriation for Sheppard.Towner Act. Sentiment of majority of medical profession is against this measure as results obtained do not justify its continuance. H. H. AMSDEN, M. D., Counselor, New Hampshire Medical Society. I have, Mr. President, a letter under date of November 16, 1926, from Miss Christine R. Kefauver, a registered nurse of the department of health in Brooklyn, N. Y. I shall read it: DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, Brooklyn, N. Y., November 16, 1926. Miss MARY G. KILBRETH, Editor, The Woman Patriot, 8 Jackson Place, Washington, D. C. DEAR... HAMPSHIRE MEDICAL SOCIETY, Concord, N. H., December 16, 1926. Hon. CALVIN COOLIDGE, President of the United States, Washington, D. C.: As president and secretary of the New Hampshire Medical Society, representing a very large majority of the practicing physicians of the country, we protest emphatically against further extension of the Sheppard.Towner Act, and assert much better service, greater efficiency, more satisfactory results, and real economy will be secured In return. ing to the State boards of health full responsibility in protecting and promoting health of mothers and infants. We

When you find a section that looks like what you need click on Turn to Page _____ for the whole page of the document. When the page opens your keywords will be highlighted and the search results will still be available on the left side of the screen.

Brooklyn, N. Y., November 16, 1926.

Miss MARY G. KILBRETH,

Editor, The Woman Patriot, 8 Jackson Place, Washington, D. C. DEAR MADAM: Some time since as a result of an argument re the Sheppard-Towner bill, I was given a copy of the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD (a petition for the rejection of the Phipps-Parker bill (S. 2696, H. R. 7555) proposing an extension of the maternity act).

I have read it carefully and in addition many of the articles from which the references quoted were taken. I may say it was a complete revelation to me. I had supposed that the maternity act was a straight health measure, and while I knew that the Children's Bureau was a part of the United States Department of Labor, I had supposed (or rather, had taken for granted) that the bureau was guided by and cooperating with the United States Public Health Service in a nationwide campaign to increase baby health and lessen maternal mortality. I must say I am shocked at what my investigations, following the reading of your article, have revealed.

Here are two results that came up when "Jane Addams" was added to the search:

The bureau was never intended by its real backers to confine itself to investigation. A month after the bureau was created the Womau's Journal, now the Woman Citizen, formerly official organ of the National American Woman Suffrage Association, of which Mrs. Kelley was vice president, declared editorially:

"We shall not be willing to let the establishment of the Children's Bureau mean simply investigation—it must mean power to change things." (Woman's Journal, May 11, 1912.)

Again, while Senator BORAH was confident the bureau would not "impinge upon the peculiar rights of the States," Miss Jane Addams, coworker with Mrs. Kelley, and head of Hull House, Chicago, in which Mrs. Kelley (and both the former chief and the present Chief of the Children's Bureau, Miss Julia C. Lathrop, and Miss Grace Abbott) was a resident for several years, stated flatly that the Federal bureau was desired precisely for the purpose of wiping out State lines that had hampered the activities of the National Child Labor Committee. In an article published with the Senate report on the bill establishing the Children's Bureau, Miss Addams declared:

"How absurd State lines are when it comes to industrial questions. * * * A Federal bureau naturally would have nothing to do with State lines and only a Federal authority could adequately deal with such a situation. * * * These problems must be dealt with by a Federal authority having power to transcend State lines." (Senate Rept. No. 141, 62d Cong., 1st sess., on S. 252 by Senate Committee on Education and Labor.)

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That the W. J. L. leaders have been advocating such doctrines for years is shown by the following report of a speech by Miss Jane Addams immediately after America entered the World War:

"We should have a central distribution system for the world, administered by a commission located in Athens, Greece," said Miss Addams. "This commission should have charge of the food of the world and should prescribe the treatment of the people of the world."

The only basic difference between the scheme of Miss Addams and that of the Communist International at Moscow for central dictatorship over the "distribution system," "food of the world," and "treatment of the people of the world" is that Miss Addams favors Athens instead of Moscow as the capital of world communism. The reported speech by Miss Addams quoted above appeared in the Chicago Herald, May 8, 1917, and has never been denied or modified by Miss Addams, to our knowledge.

In her own book, "Peace and Bread in Time of War," by Miss Jane

Using HeinOnline, look within the "U.S. Supreme Court Library" section to find the famous 1972 decision about legal abortion, *Roe v. Wade*. What county and state were involved in this case?



Choose HeinOnline Law Journals

On the first page enter "roe v. wade" AND 1972 in the search box.

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To limit results look under Refine Search and select

may need to click on for this option. The results will be updated and "Roe et al. v Wade" should be one of the top results. Click on the title for the document.

Results 1-50 of 251 matches displayed, sorted by "Relevance" .

□ 1.	Connecticut v. Menillo 423 U.S. 9 (1975)
	View Matching Text Pages Print/Download Options
2.	Maher, Commissioner of Social Services of Connecticut v. Roe et al. 432 U.S. 464 (1977)
	Tiew Matching Text Pages Print/Download Options Solution Cited by 2375
3	Depict all y Bolton, Attorney Constal of Coorgin, et al.
<u> </u>	Doe et al. v. Bolton, Attorney General of Georgia, et al. 410 U.S. 179 (1972)
	■ View Matching Text Pages Print/Download Options
	Roe et al. v. Wade, District Attorney of Dallas County
	410 U.S. 113 (1973)

ROE v. WADE

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Syllabus

ROE ET AL. V. WADE, DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF DALLAS COUNTY

APPEAL FROM THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS

No. 70-18. Argued December 13, 1971—Reargued October 11, 1972—Decided January 22, 1973

A pregnant single woman (Roe) brought a class action challenging the constitutionality of the Texas criminal abortion laws, which proscribe procuring or attempting an abortion except on medical advice for the purpose of saving the mother's life. A licensed physician (Hallford), who had two state abortion prosecutions pending against him, was permitted to intervene. A childless married couple (the Does), the wife not being pregnant, separately attacked the laws, basing alleged injury on the future possibilities of contraceptive failure, pregnancy, unpreparedness for parenthood, and impairment of the wife's health. A three-judge District Court, which consolidated the actions, held that Roe and